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(56) Documents cited

GB 2092472 A EP 0202066 A2

GB 1262121 A US 3491519 A

GB 1049292 A

(58) Field of search

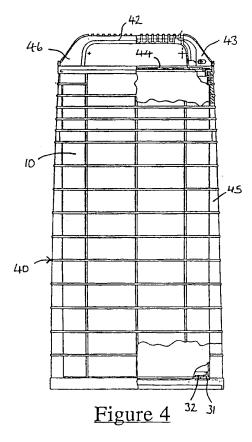
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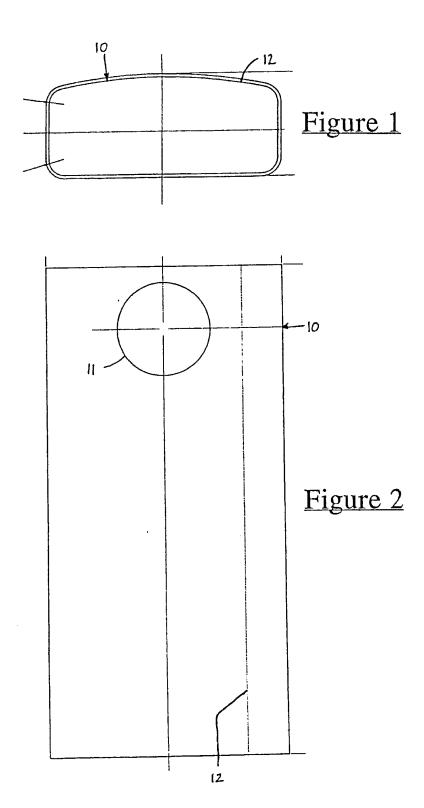
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Online database: WPI

## (54) Dust receptacle

(57) A dust receptacle for a vacuum cleaner comprises a rigid wall of sintered polymer, e.g. polyethylene, with an outer protective cage 40 and a removable end cover 46. The rigid wall 10 comprises a tubular section, made by bending and welding a flat sheet, closed at the lower end by a flat panel 32 of the same material. The end cover also incorporates a panel 44 of the sintered polymer. Wall 10 includes a dust inlet (11) in the side. The receptacle is housed inside a casing on the handle of an upright cleaner, and when full the receptacle is removed, emptied, washed and replaced. The casing has a fan at the lower end which induces flow of dust-laden air into the receptacle (Fig. 7).





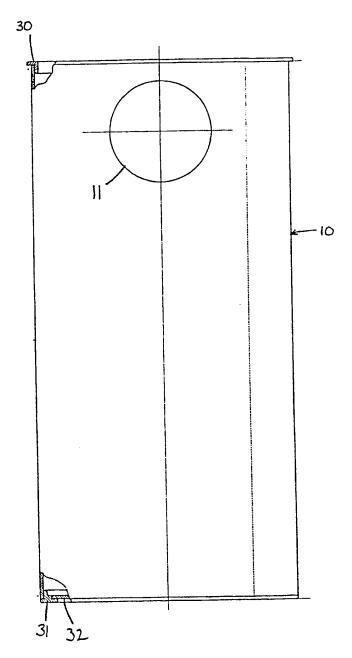
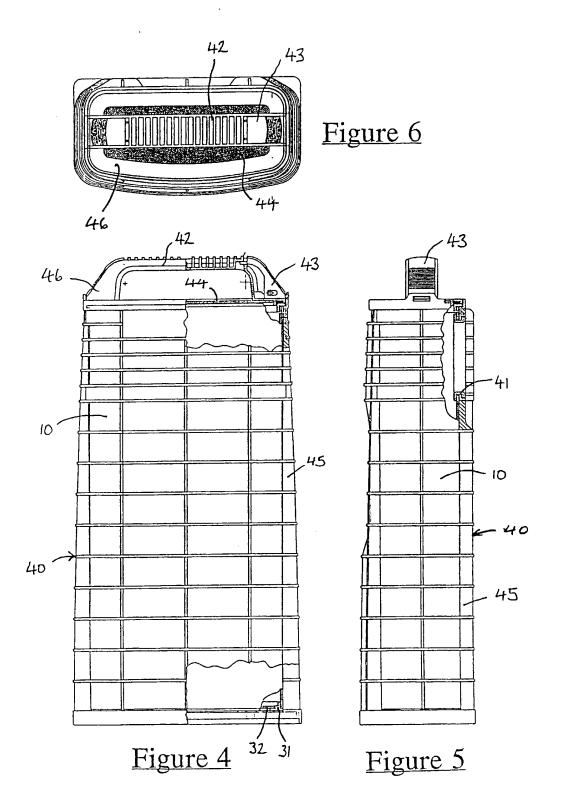


Figure 3



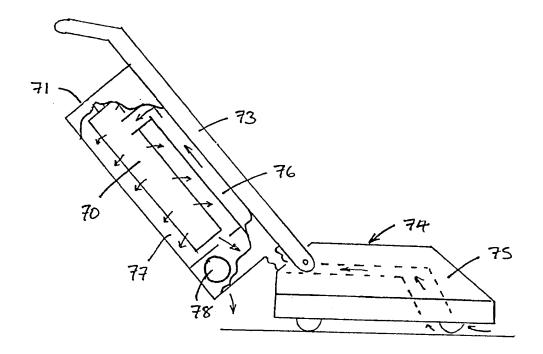


Figure 7

This invention relates to a dust receptacle and particularly but not solely to a dust receptacle for a vacuum cleaner.

Vacuum cleaners commonly have a filter or dust bag for collecting the dirt and dust picked up by the vacuum cleaner. Hitherto these bags have been made from paper, and when the bag is full it has to be discarded and replaced by a new bag. However, we have found that many users are reluctant to buy new bags and instead they repeatedly re-use the same bags. By doing this they reduce the efficiency and dust-retention capability of the cleaner.

Bags made from filter fabric are also known, but these bags become clogged with dirt and dust, and therefore have to be cleaned. The only way of effectively cleaning fabric bags is by washing, but the filtering ability of the fabric is reduced each time the bag is washed.

Rigid and permanent dust receptacles are known which can be emptied into a dustbin and re-used. One type of rigid and permanent dust receptacle is disclosed in British patent 20 application No. 2 092 472. The receptacle comprises a box with Two sides of the box are formed from a a hinged closure. coarse mesh for filtering large particles of dirt. A secondary pleated paper filter is disposed downstream of the coarse filter. The dust collected in the receptacle may be emptied 25 directly into a dustbin by opening the closure. Although dust receptacles of this kind eliminate the cost of buying disposable bags, the secondary paper filter has to be replaced if the efficiency of the cleaner is to be maintained. Also the coarse filter has to be brushed or scraped periodically to 30 remove dirt which builds up on it. Furthermore, secondary pleated paper filters are easily damaged when used in vacuum cleaners which develop a high suction.

We have now devised a dust receptacle which alleviates the above-mentioned problems which arise with known types of vacuum cleaners.

In accordance with this invention, there is provided a dust receptacle which comprises a rigid wall formed of permeable plastics material.

Preferably the dust receptacle is in the form of an enclosure having an inlet aperture for dust-laden air. Preferably the enclosure includes a removable closure to enable the receptacle to be emptied.

The permeable plastics material (which may comprise a permeable polyethylene) may be in the form of a sheet. In this case preferably a piece of the sheet material is formed into a tube and its opposite edges are joined and its opposite ends closed to form the enclosure.

10 Preferably the dust receptacle comprises a filter element which includes said wall, and a cage into which the filter element is a close fit.

We have found that the permeable plastics material forms an effective dust filter, yet it can be washed, e.g. by scrubbing or immersion in water, to restore its condition.

The dust receptacle is particularly useful in a vacuum cleaner, in that it can be removed from the cleaner and tipped to empty its contents and if desired washed, then replaced into the cleaner for re-use.

An embodiment of this invention will now be described by way of example only and with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

Figure 1 is a plan view of a filter element of a dust receptacle in accordance with the invention;

Figure 2 is a front view of the filter element of Figure 1;

Figure 3 is a front view of a filter body 3, with some parts shown in section;

Figure 4 is a front view of a dust receptacle which 30 includes the filter body of Figure 3, with some parts shown in section;

Figure 5 is a side view of the dust receptacle of Figure 4;

Figure 6 is a plan view of the dust receptacle of 35 Figure 4; and

Figure 7 is a side view of a vacuum cleaner when fitted with the dust receptacle of Figures 4 to 6.

Referring to Figures 1 and 2 of the drawings, there is shown a filter element 10 formed from a single sheet of rigid

plastics material. The material includes a multiplicity of pores in the nature of a foamed plastics, but may be manufactured by sintering rather than by foam techniques. The material typically has a permeability in the range of 15 to 20 5 m³/min/m² at 2.5 m bar pressure difference. For example, such a material is manufactured by Porvair Ltd under the trade name Vyon D HS. The filter element 10 comprises a sheet of the material formed into a tube and having its opposite edges welded together along a line 12. The filter element 10 is also formed with a circular inlet aperture 11.

Referring to Figure 3, there is shown a filter body, comprising annular or ring-shaped plastics end frames 30, 31 ultrasonically welded to opposite ends of the filter element 10. A bottom panel 32 of the permeable sheet material fits in the lower end frame 32 to close that end of the filter body.

Referring to Figures 4 to 6, the filter body fits into and is retained inside a plastics cage 45. The cage 45 comprises intersecting horizontal and vertical spaced-apart ribs. The top of the cage 45 is open and a closure 46 having 20 a handle 42 sealingly fits onto the open end. A portion 44 of the closure 46 is formed from the permeable sheet material, and the handle 42 is provided with a catch 43 for locking the closure 46 to the cage 40. A circular aperture is formed in the rear of the cage 40 in alignment with the aperture 11 in 25 the filter element 10. An elastomeric ring 41 seals the filter element 10 to the cage 40.

In use, referring to Figure 7 the dust receptacle 70 is mounted inside an openable box 71 which is fixed to the handle 73 of an upright vacuum cleaner 74. The dust receptacle push-30 fits onto the neck of a fill tube 76. An electric motor 78 is mounted in the bottom of the box 71, and drives a fan which creates a vacuum inside the box 71. Air and dust are drawn from the carpet along a passageway through the body 75 of the cleaner. The passageway connects to the fill tube 76 which runs upwardly through the box 71. The dust is collected inside the receptacle 70 and clean, filtered air is drawn through the walls of the receptacle into a space 77 between the walls of the receptacle 70 and the box 71. The air is drawn through the fan and is expelled through an exhaust port in the wall of the

box 71.

When the receptacle 70 is full of dirt and dust it can be emptied by removing it from the vacuum cleaner, removing the closure 46 and shaking the receptacle over a dustbin. It will be appreciated that the plastics cage protects the filter body from being damaged by persons beating the receptacle or striking it against the rim of the dustbin in order to dislodge its contents.

Occasionally the interior of the receptacle may be brushed to remove any dirt or dust which has adhered to the inner surface of the filter body. The receptacle may also be washed with water from time to time, in particular when the receptacle becomes contaminated, for example with deposits such as those typically picked up from damp carpet at the entrance to a building. Following washing, the receptacle must be dried thoroughly before being replaced into the cleaner.

## CLAIMS

- 1. A dust receptacle comprising a rigid wall formed of permeable plastics material.
- 2. A dust receptacle as claimed in claim 1, which 5 comprises an enclosure having an inlet aperture for dust-laden. air.
  - 3. A dust receptacle as claimed in claim 2, in which the enclosure comprises a removable closure.
- 4. A dust receptacle as claimed in claim 2 or 3, in which 10 the permeable plastics material is in sheet form.
  - 5. A dust receptacle as claimed in claim 4, in which a piece of said sheet material is formed into a tube with opposite edges joined and opposite ends of the tube are closed to form said enclosure.
- 15 6. A dust receptacle as claimed in any of claims 2 to 5, comprising a filter element which includes said wall, and a cage in which the filter element is a close fit.
- 7. A dust receptacle as claimed in any preceding claim, in which the permeable plastics material has a permeability to air 20 in the range of 15 to 20  $m^3/min/m^2$  at a pressure difference of 2.5 m bar.
  - 8. A dust receptacle substantially as herein described with reference to the accompanying drawings.

Application number

GB 9305407.0

| Relevant Technical fields                                   | Search Examiner |
|---|-----------------|
| (i) UK CI (Edition L ) BIT (TBGA, TBHX, TDEA, TDPA, TNRT)   | R T HAINES      |
| (ii) Int CI (Edition <sup>5</sup> ) A47L (9/10, 9/12, 9/14) |                 |
| Databases (see over) (i) UK Patent Office                   | Date of Search  |
| (ii) ONLINE DATABASE: WPI                                   | 7 APRIL 1993    |

Documents considered relevant following a search in respect of claims 1-8

| Category<br>(see over) | Identity of document and relevant passages |   | Relevant to claim(s) |  |
|------------------------|--|---|----------------------|--|
|                        |  | ,   |                      |  |
| х                      | GB 2092472 A                               | (ATAKA)   | 1-4                  |  |
| х                      | GB 1262121                                 | (SANYO ELECTRO CO)                                      | 1-4                  |  |
| х                      | GB 1049292                                 | (TOKYO DENKI KK)  | 1-5                  |  |
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| X                      | US 3491519                                 | (ETTRIDGE)  | 1-4                  |  |
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